IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON DI VISION

IN RE: AMERICAN MEDICAL SYSTEMS, INC., MDL NO. 2:12-MD-2325

IN RE: BOSTON SCIENTIFIC CORP., MDL NO. 2: 12-MD-2326

IN RE: ETHICON, INC., MDL NO. 2:12-MD-2327

PELVIC REPAIR SYSTEMS
PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION

STATUS CONFERENCE HELD ON MAY 24, 2012 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JOSEPH R. GOODWIN, CHIEF JUDGE AND THE HONORABLE MARY E. STANLEY, MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography; transcript produced by computer.

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Quite frankly, I

1 Proceedings had before the Honorable Joseph R. Goodwin, 2 Chief Judge, and the Honorable Mary E. Stanley, Magistrate 3 Judge, for the Southern District of West Virginia, in 4 Charleston, West Virginia, on May 24, 2012, as follows: 5 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Well, good afternoon. 6 like for somebody to volunteer to get out a calculator and 7 check everyone's hourly rate and add it up so I will know 8 exactly how much money I've spent this afternoon. 9 delighted that all of you are here, and the Marriott hotel and 10 Embassy Suites is delighted as well. 11 We talked a little bit about the scheduling for the Bard 12 MDLs, which is the five cases, which is the first item on the 13 agenda that I received. 14 Is there anything further on that, Mr. Garrard? 15 *MR. GARRARD:* No, Your Honor. I think with the 16 submission of the proposed order to the court and the 17 deposition protocol we're where we should be. 18 CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N: Anybody el se? 19 MS. DALY: No, Your Honor. We agree with that. 20 Thank you very much. 21 CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N: All right. Next I had the 22 issues common to MDL Nos. 2325, 2326, 2327 and 23 -- I guess 23 those three. Let me, before I go through those items, give you

just a little spiel. The Multidistrict Litigation Panel saw

fit to send all of those MDLs to this court.

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was consulted about whether they should be consolidated as sent and I didn't know enough about it to say yes, so naturally, I said no. So we got all of them and they are separate MDLs, but for those of you who spent most of your lives and nights reading the Manual of Complex Litigation, you know that that manual and every MDL judge that you've been before or judge that you've practiced law before that has one of these big, complex cases has encouraged counsel to look for commonalities for development prior to the eventual down-and-out free-fall fighting that will occur, because there are very significant differences that I recognize, and each of you recognize, among and between individual cases against manufacturers. There are different products involved; there are different experts i nvol ved. There are lots of differences. Those I am not looking for right now. I know how to find differences. looking for commonalities. And in that regard, just let me go through this, and I hope you won't take this in the wrong way. I don't mean it to terrorize you, but I do mean it so that you will not be surprised when I implement the knowledge which I have gained from reading the rules and the cases. First, let's just start with Rule 1 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and it says I'm to construe all of them to secure the speedy and the inexpensive determination of every

action and proceeding. I want you to know that every action

that I and Judge Stanley take will be directed toward

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accomplishing that task in these large and complex cases. I want to say to you what you well know, but I want to be sure that you understand that I know that I have wide - with the emphasis on wide - discretion to manage pretrial in complex cases. I have wide discretion to manage pretrial discovery. The Federal Rules grant me flexibility to shape the type and scope of information before and during the trials that will surely come.

There are many tools within the Federal Rules that allow me to do this, some that contemplate setting time limits, restrictions on the quantity, the scope, or the sequencing of Let's just take Rule 26(a) -- or 26(b)(2)(A), which di scovery. states that the court may alter the limits in these rules on the number of depositions or interrogatories or the lengths of depositions under Rule 30. By order, I can limit the number of Rule 16(f) permits me to issue any just ruling, requests. including those authorized by Rule 37, if a party fails to appear, substantially is unprepared, does not participate in good faith, and so on and so forth. Rule 26 gives me broad authority by which I can manage, as I said, the scope of the discovery, and 37 provides mandatory and discretionary sanctions when the rules are not followed.

Now, I hope none of that is necessary. In my dreams,

I ooking at all these fine lawyers, I would dream that

everything would just happen smoothly and we would never have

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a disagreement, but because I recognize the inherent intelligence shining from your bright eyes, I know there will come times when we have substantial and real differences of opinion and that we have solid legal arguments to make one with the other and we will, I assure you, listen to you patiently and do our very best to arrive at a fair and just conclusion as to each issue. I just don't want very many of them.

Just a word, it's not quite like the boy who cried wolf, but there's a little bit of that. All of you have experienced, and I hope it's been more in state court - at least I'd like to think that - than in federal court, the attitude of judges who after a few years on the bench say in response to your discovery problems, "A plague on both your houses," and you're sitting there knowing that I'm following the rules and the other side is wrong. They're wrong on the law; they're misrepresenting things to the court, but the judge won't take time to read it, won't take time to examine it, and just wants us both to go away. We won't do that. We won't do that. Somebody's going to get blamed. Now, that's not to say we're not going to encourage you to agree, very strongly encourage you to agree, as much as we can, but if we have to decide it, it's going to be decided. And I, fortunately, will only be getting a second bite of the apple in the rare instance that Judge Stanley does, for the first time in her life, something with which I disagree. But I have no tolerance -- I absolutely

have no tolerance for petty discovery disputes. I'm handling a bunch of them in Arizona and a bunch of them in California and it's just driving me bananas. I don't know what's happened to lawyers. In any event, Judge Stanley is very used to dealing with discovery disputes and she'll deal with them as they come along.

Let's go back to our agenda items, and the first item on the agenda under the listing of "Common" is a direct filing order. How are we coming on that?

Mr. Garrard, you're standing up. Go ahead.

MR. GARRARD: Your Honor, we met with one of the defendants yesterday, we met with all of the defendants today, and I believe I can accurately report to the court that we think we are reasonably close on direct filing order or orders. We would ask the court to give us fourteen days, and it will be our intention to have either agreed upon direct filing order or orders, and I use plural because at least as to Johnson & Johnson there is a little subtly that may need to be appropriate for them different than AMS and Boston Scientific. But we are hopeful as of this morning that within fourteen days we can present to the court either agreed upon order or orders, or alternatively, we will present to the court a document or documents that will redline and show precisely what the issues are that we cannot agree upon.

If you'd permit me, going on down, as to the master

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complaint and short form complaint issues, item c; as to item d, timing for short form complaints and responses to plaintiffs' master complaint; and as to e, defendants' short form complaint issues as to insufficiency or incompleteness, I believe that after this morning we do not need to bring those issues to the court and we believe we will have worked those I skipped over item b, which is protective order, and I think that the common position of the plaintiffs and the defendants is that we do not believe we can reach a mutual agreement on protective order. We have submitted to the court the court's protective order. The other side has submitted various other versions, and we would seek, candidly, the opportunity to have a meeting with Judge Stanley to see if Judge Stanley can be of assistance to us in working through the protective order issues. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: All right. I talked this over with Judge Stanley yesterday. I think you'll find she'll be able to address that very quickly. Going around the room, Ms. Binis --All right. *MS. BINIS:* Yes, Your Honor. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: -- do you essentially agree with what Mr. Garrard has said? MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor. The protective order that AMS is working from is the Bard order that you have

already entered in the case, so that's the order that we're

working from.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Okay. Ms. Moeller or Ms. Daly?

MS. MOELLER: We're already done, Your Honor. We're not in this fight.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: All right.

MR. ADAMS: Rob Adams, Judge.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Mr. Adams?

We are in the same position as AMS. We have submitted essentially the Bard protective order that we have actually used and modified in other litigation, so it's an order that we're familiar with and the plaintiffs are familiar with.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Mr. Thomas or --

MS. JONES: Christy Jones, Your Honor, on behalf of Johnson & Johnson, and Mr. Garrard has accurately stated our position. Like the other co-defendant -- or not co-defendants, but the other defendants, we have and are working from the Bard order. And I'd say to Your Honors that I think we all are working in good faith. We have -- we have, unfortunately, or fortunately, on behalf of my client, already produced millions of documents pursuant to another order that, frankly, we think is more consistent with what the Bard order is; and it's for that purpose that we're trying to work through those issues. But I think, as Mr. Garrard has set forth, it's pretty much that Your Honors are going to look at either what's on the

1 court's website or the Bard form of order and say one of these 2 applies, and we'll be able to move forward from that 3 thereafter. 4 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Do you want to address it now? 5 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: If you wish. 6 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: All right. Judge Stanley will 7 address this protective order issue now. MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Well, let me ask this: 8 9 have the redlined protective order which was suggested by AMS, 10 and it's my understanding that the -- that the -- other than 11 changing the name of the party, or the name of the MDL, that 12 the significant differences are found on page 6 at 7(h), 13 page -- maybe I should wait for you-all to pull it out. 14 0kay. Are you ready to go forward? All right. 15 page 6, which is paragraph 7(h), I understand that is the 16 paragraph that is materially different from the Bard protective 17 order. Is that correct? 18 MS. BINIS: That, and on page 10, paragraph 14, Your 19 Honor. 20 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Well, hold on. What about 21 paragraph 9 on page 7? 22 MS. BINIS: Your Honor, we would be agreeable to not 23 worrying about that paragraph today. The two paragraphs that I 24 think that we would be most concerned with are paragraph 8 and 25 paragraph --

1 **MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** Eight? You mean 7(h)? 2 MS. BINIS: 7(h), correct, on page 6. 3 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: All right. MS. BINIS: And on page 10, paragraph 14, basically, 4 5 Your Honor, protecting some patent information and protecting 6 materials that were disclosed to a consultant to a competitor. 7 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Now, and I understand 8 you're withdrawing the proposal in paragraph 9 on page 7? 9 *MS. BINIS:* Yes, Your Honor. 10 MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY: And that's the sentence 11 beginning: "The parties may also redact. . . " and finishing 12 ". . . to protected health information"? 13 MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor. And, frankly, Your 14 Honor, I think that's a little over broad. If we need to 15 redact something and plaintiffs come back and say that 16 shouldn't have been redacted, I think we can deal with that on 17 a case-by-case basis. 18 **MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** Okay. How do you justify 19 the essential nature of paragraph 7(h) on page 6 and 20 paragraph 14? Why wouldn't Bard have the same requirements? 21 MS. BINIS: I can't speak to that, Your Honor, but I 22 do know that my client highly negotiated these terms in the 23 Delaware litigation because it's really important to my client 24 on its patents. Whether Bard has the same concerns on its 25 patents or not, I don't know, but I do know that -- and I can

give you to the person who really knows, who's sitting behind 2 me, but I do know that my client has been very firm on 3 protecting its patents and that's why they wanted this 4 information in there. 5 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Does Bard wish to address this? 6 7 MS. DALY: No, Your Honor. MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: 8 Does Boston Scientific 9 wish to? 10 MR. ADAMS: No, Your Honor. 11 **MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** What about Ethicon? 12 MS. JONES: No, Your Honor. 13 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: So, in other words, the 14 only entity that thinks that this is absolutely essential is 15 AMS? 16 MS. BINIS: Apparently so. 17 MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Apparently. Now, 18 Mr. Garrard, is there a position from the plaintiffs? 19 Your Honor, we don't see the need for MR. GARRARD: 20 that. Most patent information is public-type information and, 21 frankly, we moved away from the Bard protective order because 22 we have found that we think it's too extensive. Every document 23 is designated confidential; and we have been mindful of the 24 court's admonition multiple times here we've got an open court. 25 There is an issue that Ms. Binis and I may engage in later

1 on today about discovery in another case that we are seeking 2 where the protective order is used to say we shouldn't have it. 3 So we think less is better, and more appropriate, and more 4 inclined with public policy, so we don't see the need for this. 5 MS. BINIS: Your Honor, if I might just say, I tend 6 to agree that we tend to over mark as "confidential," and 7 that's a separate issue from what is allowed to be marked 8 confi denti al . We do not intend, Your Honor, to mark half of our documents as confidential, but there are certain materials 10 that we're going to be producing in this litigation about the 11 design and development of products that we do feel we don't 12 want our competitors to naturally see and which would be seen 13 in this litigation if not protected. 14 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: And your client is going 15 to be seeing -- be viewing documents produced by other 16 manufacturers. 17 MS. BINIS: I understand that, Your Honor. 18 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Well, I think it is far 19 more important that we have the same rules applying 20 across-the-board here. MS. BINIS: I understand. 21 22 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: And, accordingly, the 23 protective order which was entered into in the Bard MDL will be 24 the one that's used.

All right.

Let's go down to f,

CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N:

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the utilization of interim plaintiff profile information form versus the defendants' proposal to utilize the fact sheets.

I don't find it appropriate to permit the plaintiffs to complete the profile sheets rather than the full fact sheets.

You're going to have to do some persuading, Mr. Garrard. I'll give you a minute.

MR. GARRARD: Thank you, Your Honor. We're not trying to avoid totally doing the full plaintiffs' fact sheet. What we are trying to do is find an official vehicle by which we can hone in on an initial pool of cases, then provide the plaintiffs' fact sheets on that initial pool of cases from which would then come, Your Honor, the cases that we do full discovery on, then coming down to the bellwethers. All we're trying to do is have an efficient mechanism by which we can have a realistic selection of the initial pool. And if Your Honor remembers what we did in Bard was Your Honor set this Well, we've got a whole lot more cases in these MDLs date. than we had then, and just setting a date by which cases were filed as your initial pool is not going to give them any information; but what we are proposing is a methodology by which we would do the plaintiff profile sheets. We've had discussions with the defendants today about that, and yesterday about that, and while none of them have said, 'Yeah, we agree," we are very much in tune, we think, with, for example, Johnson & Johnson, who in proposals to us has said they would

like to bifurcate the defendants' fact sheet and they would like to give on the initial group of cases a defendants' fact sheet that is generic about their products, and only when we select down to a pool, Your Honor, then give us specific information they may have about individual cases. So what we're trying to do -- and we didn't go over the idea because of theirs, but it was interesting that theirs correlates with ours pretty well. What we're simply trying to do is have an efficient way to give them some information now. What happens with the fact sheets, if we have to give fact sheets on every case in inventory, we go away from what the MDL is all about and that is in terms of an efficient movement of cases.

As courts have looked at these issues, what is important is: Was your product used? We are saying, okay, let's give that information.

Was there surgery to implant the product? Yes, we give that information: The name of the doctor, the name of the hospital, the date of that.

Was there repair surgery or revision surgery? We say we give that information now, the name of the doctor, the name of the hospital.

What is the nature of the surgery? We give that information to them.

What is the nature of the injuries? We give that information to them.

The comment has been made to us, well, would you also give us whatever medical you have now? And our answer to that is yes.

Would you work out a way that we can go ahead and get medical releases, perhaps using them with Marker, whom we already use in the Bard Litigation? The answer to that is yes.

And so that's where we are. It's not to avoid in toto the fact sheets. It's a matter of staging and then doing fact sheets on the cases that we've got to look at now. What happens --

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I think I understand better -- MR. GARRARD: Yes, sir.

THE COURT:

to the extent that the parties can come together on a more limited bit of information for the sole purpose of selecting the pool, I'm not adverse to that. But six years ago or so I had a lot of trouble in the Serzone case with the plaintiffs' fact sheets. It's probably not unusual in the experiences of the lawyers in this room that you may have from someplace a case that you will have a very difficult time getting the fact sheets filled out, getting the information you need, and so forth. I don't want to kick that can down the road so that when the time comes you say, well, this is going to take ever so much longer because, you know, we were --

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MR. GARRARD: What we know, though, Your Honor, is that in large groups of cases the fact sheets on the cases down the road are not truly relevant to what we're trying to do with the initial cases. And all we're trying to do is find a more efficient way. In Bard, for example, we spend a lot of time updating fact sheets. Well, for the case -- and what we have proposed is that we take 150 cases in each of the three new MDLs, that we do the plaintiffs' fact sheets on those once we've honed in on that 150. That each side get to select 75, that we do that selection of the 150 based upon the profiles. When we've gotten that 150, then we give full fact sheets on those, and it's from that point that we then select down to, say, twenty cases that we want to do depositions and all discovery, and then the bellwethers, but that we don't expend, at this point, the time and the energy and the resources on the plaintiffs' fact sheets beyond that initial pool.

chief Judge Goodwin: Let me say one thing while it occurs to me. It is often lost in this process that the individual lawyers who took in the cases remain responsible, ethically and to the court, for representing their clients, and there's no reason that they can't begin the process of working on fact sheets. But, having said that, if the parties can arrive at a solution which is efficacious to everybody and moves toward the selection of a group of cases faster than we could do if we were doing all the fact sheets, I'm all for it;

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I just don't -- and when I heard you start being what I considered to be fairly flexible on what you were going to add into this preliminary document, then I started seeing it might be more acceptable to the defendants. But why don't I let them speak for themselves? MR. GARRARD: Let me just add this: I believe that this morning as we talked about this that we each said, let's have thirty days to get through this idea of the profile and then get to the issue of there are disputes between us in terms of the actual plaintiffs' fact sheets. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Is that okay with everybody? Thirty days? MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor. CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N: That's what we'll do then. MR. ADAMS: Fi ne. *MR. GARRARD:* Thank you. THE COURT: Now, when we turn to g, the ESI protocol, since I had to have Judge Stanley yesterday remind me what it was, perhaps it would be better if she discussed it. MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Okay. Do you-all have it out? MR. THOMPSON: Judge, I would like an opportunity to be heard on this, if that's possible. MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Let me ask a few questions first, Mr. Thompson.

1 MR. THOMPSON: Certai nl y. 2 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: First of all, I assume 3 there's a litigation hold in place, is that correct, for AMS? 4 MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor. 5 **MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** And Boston? MR. ADAMS: Yes, Your Honor. 6 7 **MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** And Ethicon? 8 *MS. JONES:* Yes, Your Honor. 9 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: All right. So have you 10 been working on a preservation order? Mr. Thompson? 11 **THOMPSON:** Your Honor, we have had an opportunity 12 to meet by telephone with each of the defendants. We have 13 engaged our vendor to be the depository. Let me give a little 14 bit of background. And I speak as a philosophy major, but a 15 little bit of background. 16 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: This scares me when you say 17 that. 18 THOMPSON: It's a poly-variable. The Bard MR. 19 production has been ongoing for a year and a half, almost two 20 Many millions of documents have been forwarded into the years. 21 vendor under the Bard ESI. In AMS, a fair number of documents 22 have been submitted over the last year and a half in various 23 litigations throughout the country. Johnson & Johnson, for 24 example, has I believe produced well over a million, maybe even 25 two million, documents in state court under a protocol. And so

we are abiding very carefully by the Court's admonition of efficiency. We don't want to try to push the rock back up the hill; we don't want to try to push anybody back to a moment of singularity, but we do want an efficient addressing of the issues, and we want to coordinate with ESI protocols that have already been agreed to and entered in these state courts so that they don't conflict with each other.

I'm optimistic and I believe that we are going to get an agreed upon ESI to submit to the court. Now, we have used the Bard MDL protocol as our baseline, which, of course, if you were going to enter into a negotiation, why in God's green earth would you start with the order? We should have asked for a lot of stuff and been willing to give it up to get back to the order, but what we've done is we've gone straight to the Bard order. And we view that as the core of the agreement and we expect to have the cooperation and to have an agreement to put before the court. Certainly, we can use your help to make sure that this doesn't drag on for any length of time, but we do believe we're going to have some success in the next couple weeks, and we would be happy to have you supervise us if we can't play in the sandbox correctly.

you were addressing the ESI protocol --

MR. THOMPSON: Yes, ma'am.

MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: -- and I had specifically

1 asked if you were going to submit a preservation order. 2 **THOMPSON:** We have submitted a preservation and 3 a protective order to the other side and that's part of our 4 di scussi ons. My intention is to submit it either with 5 agreement or as an adversarial document for you to consider. 6 **MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** Have the defendants made 7 specific inquiry with the IT folks who work for your clients to 8 ensure that the software that they are using for all various 9 functions, including email, doesn't have an auto delete 10 function? Frequently you have to override those and I just 11 want to make sure that we don't have any of that lurking 12 somewhere. 13 MS. BINIS: We have been working with our IT 14 department on that, Your Honor. 15 We have too, Your Honor. MR. ADAMS: 16 MS. JONES: As has Ethicon, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: All right. 18 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: When I looked at this 19 Exhibit A which AMS submitted, I take it that you started with 20 the Bard order --21 MS. BINIS: That's correct. MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: -- and then started adding 22 23 things to it? 24 MS. BINIS: And, Your Honor, I understand that as of 25 the conversations yesterday and today we are very close to

agreement with plaintiffs on this.

waste my time on it. I did notice that there were some provisions which were a bit of a surprise and -- or at least one, but I assume that will go away.

MS. BINIS: I'm not sure what you're referring to,
Your Honor.

magistrate Judge Stanley: I'm referring to the privilege log. You put a hole in that privilege log provision that you could drive a coal train through. And let's just say you're going to have a hard time convincing me that that's an appropriate provision.

I guess I'm done.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: The next is the structure of future case management conferences. To me, that's a little premature. Let's get through what else we've got to do and what you've promised to do. The best thing that's happened so far is what I hoped would happen is you-all came to town early enough and had some meetings and we made some progress and that, in the past, has proven to me that one of the best things I can do about scheduling a meeting is just get you-all to come and get together, not necessarily what we do in the court.

Now, as I mentioned early, I want to -- I mentioned the discussion of common discovery issues and I think -- I think I made myself clear, but let me just turn things over to

Judge Stanley just a minute to discuss in a global way how we envision discovery proceeding. And having said that, I want you to understand that we want to work cooperatively with you. You will rarely find it the case that if the parties are in agreement about how to do something that we're going to stand in your way unless the parties are -- well, never mind.

Judge Stanley.

reached agreement on preserving your evidence and how you're going to -- and the ESI protocol, it would be my expectation that the parties would be actively exchanging information. Of course, we've got these cases in different stages. Ethicon's turned over a lot of stuff, as have others and, of course, Bard is heading toward trial, but it seems to me in order to have a pretty efficient discovery process the plaintiffs need to have a bunch of information in order to identify the custodians of various computers and data, so they need organization charts and historical information regarding who these individuals are and what their roles were.

Obviously, there will be the need to work on developing search terms. Some of this material is obviously irrelevant for those who have already reached those agreements, but the --we'll then -- I'm assuming that since we've already started talking about vendors that there will be a website, password protected, or whatever?

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MR. THOMPSON: Your Honor, we were going to have Harry Bell, who is our liaison, talk about the website that we're preparing for -- first of all, for the general public without passwords that will be, in essence, a bulletin board. Any case lawyer who is admitted, certainly with a case filed in this district or in the MDLs, will be able to enter the website with the proper password and view the raw document production, and then there will be higher levels of security for work product type things which will not be accessible, but certainly any case lawyer is going to have access to the document production. And also there will be a calendar, there will be a bulletin board of appropriate orders, and also when from time to time the court gives us the benefit of a tongue lashing we'll use that as a forum to pass that along as well. think we're -- and, of course, the Bard site is up and active and running at this moment. The other sites are going to be up in real-time as well.

bit of a dustup, or I guess it was just some extended discussions, about whether the defense would be producing documents with an index so that both the defense attorneys and the plaintiffs' attorneys would be able to figure out where documents came from, and who the custodian was, and where they were made and maintained, and I certainly hope we don't have to redo that fight or discussion.

I'm delighted to hear that you're moving forward on a deposition protocol and -- I mean, what am I missing, Mr. Garrard, Mr. Thompson?

anything, but we would request on behalf of the plaintiffs that the discovery stay as it currently exists pursuant to the judge's initial CMO be lifted. We are prepared and ready to serve some initial discovery on the defendants. We would like permission to do that. We have not done it because that stay is in effect. I think that would be the only thing that I would suggest the Court might need to allow us to do.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: What say the defendants? We've got a few housekeeping things you-all are going to agree on in the next ten days or so. Do you have any problem with lifting the stay now?

would say yes, that we do have a problem with doing it now. I think it's premature in this case. I would like to see us work through all of the basic filing issues before the stay is lifted. I think that's one of the purposes of the stay.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I am convinced that the good order will be advanced by giving a little more time for discussion before lifting the stay, so you've got -- you've got a 10-day limit for some of this stuff, a 30-day limit for others. I'm going to split the difference and call it 20 days,

at which time I will lift the stay unless good cause is shown why I should not do so.

MR. GARRARD: Thank you, Your Honor.

MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Mr. Thompson, did I
address everything that you wanted to cover?

MR. THOMPSON: Yes, Your Honor.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Let me move to motions to dismiss and compliance with the court's pretrial order No. 1, the parties' file lists containing pending motions, and I've reviewed those and I find or think that the filing of master complaints and short form complaints and plaintiffs' fact sheets, or some abbreviated form thereof, may resolve some of those motions.

MR. AYLSTOCK: Yes, Your Honor. Brian Aylstock. That is what is contemplated. We had a discussion yesterday that was alluded to that would -- in the order that we're contemplating for the master complaint and the master short form and long form complaint would require anybody with a pending case to adopt and incorporate the master long form complaint or the short form complaint, so I think all of the pending motions to dismiss for the individual cases should be mooted, assuming we can work all of that out.

THE COURT: Well, I would think that the defendants are not going to be satisfied until you do do that, so can you move fairly quickly to that end?

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MR. AYLSTOCK: Our hope is by the end of next week to be able to present that. In the direct filing order itself we'll require those people who have not filed pursuant to the master complaint and the master -- master long form and master short form complaint to therefore adopt that. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: And I recognize there may be -there may be individual cases where you won't be able to solve the problem. And if there are, there are. Ms. Binis? MS. BINIS: Your Honor, in the master complaint the companies that we believe are not proper parties to this litigation --CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N: Yes. MS. BINIS: -- are still named. CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N: Yes. MS. BINIS: So we would still need to bring a motion to dismiss the Endo companies from the master complaint. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: And you have motions to remand filed as well. MS. BINIS: That's correct, Your Honor. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: About 18 of them. MS. BINIS: That's correct. THE COURT: I'm well aware of those, and I understand that there's been some briefing already on those in other courts? MS. BINIS: There has been, Your Honor, so we can get

1 a brief together for you very quickly. 2 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I think that's what you ought 3 to do and let me take a look at that. 4 MS. BINIS: All right. 5 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: First talk to one another and 6 don't send me anything I don't have to decide. 7 *MR. AYLSTOCK:* Fair enough. 8 THE COURT: All right. I've set four new conference 9 dates. This is going to be somebody's birthday or somebody's 10 problem, but I just have to pick dates. We've got too many 11 lawyers for me to accommodate everybody, but I will accept 12 minority representation as long as I always have one of the 13 leads for each of the clients. The dates are Thursday, 14 July 26; Thursday, September 13; Thursday, November 1; and 15 Thursday, December 6. I'll enter an order on that. As you can 16 tell, I tried to skip what looks like school and vacation 17 periods and so forth. I'm sure I was unsuccessful in some 18 respects, but those are the dates. 19 Can we turn now to MDL 2325, which as of last count, but I 20 didn't look today, had 394 cases? And you have a request for a 21 Sci ence Day. 22 (Judge Goodwin and Judge Stanley confer off the record.) 23

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: All of the status conferences will be at one. It gives everybody the opportunity, I think.

Now, here's what I have in mind for the Science Day

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request, and it's not going to meet all your objectives, but it doesn't foreclose the fact that we're probably going to have another or more Science Days that are more detailed and more What we've had up till now in the Bard cases are sci enti fi c. more of a show-and-tell with products and a general outline of theory of liability, theories of defense, very limited. And we found it helpful; that is to say, it was helpful just to see the devices, although I can tell you that the pig skin model, if you open it and put it back in the package it will mold very quickly, and then smells really bad, so just in case anybody wants to know. (Laughter.) MR. GARRARD: There's a lot I could say to that, Your Honor. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Yeah, it's probably best you don't. (Laughter.) MR. GARRARD: I won't right now. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: So that's what I propose, and I would like to do it on this July -- sooner rather than later, and do it before our meeting on July 26th, like starting at 10:00 in the morning and give a couple of hours. Now, I'd ask you to review the previous show-and-tell and you don't need to repeat the female anatomy lessons that we had in that, and to limit what we learned there or repetition of that, insofar as you can, but you will want to present your product specific issues for us. I'm going to give AMS, Ethicon

and Boston Scientific just an arbitrary thirty minutes to begin with, each, and you can coordinate with that, and plaintiffs will get thirty minutes. And I realize that's not equal either, but that's the way it goes. And we'll do more of this in the future. Your consumers are right here and we're going -- there is going to be a lot we're going to want to learn from you and from your experts and from your case development as time goes on, but there is, you know, an evaporation of storage that occurs, so I want to take it in pieces, in digestible chunks, and this is the first chunk we'll do.

MR. GARRARD: May I inquire of the Court?
CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Yes.

MR. GARRARD: My recollection is when we did this previously it was off the record and there's not a transcript of it.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: That's what we did, and I think it's a good idea. And we also had some prohibitions about usage of anything that was said not being an admission by any defendant or the plaintiff. Just basically it's an off-the-record thing, and if anybody messes up, it's no-harm, no-foul.

MR. GARRARD: A question I wanted to raise with the Court is in that presentation there was a great deal of anatomy and how the surgery was done, repair surgeries, et cetera. We certainly can do that again. I would think the Court doesn't

care for us to do that again, so some guidance from the Court in terms of what you would like from this side of the table would be helpful.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Well, I can tell you that just from reading the papers, which I occasionally do, that you file, that the defendants obviously think that there is a substantial emphasis that ought to be placed on the surgeries and how they're performed and the other pieces of equipment involved other than the mesh product. And because they think that, they're going to want to talk about it a little bit, and so I'm going to let them, and you can respond.

MR. GARRARD: Okay. I understand. Thank you.

MR. ADAMS: Your Honor.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Yes.

the Court's indulgence on this point: On the 26th I already know that I am not going to be able to be here. Mr. Bonasso will be able to be here, but what I wanted to see is if it would be at all possible if we would listen and learn and make sure there is no duplication, and then on behalf of Boston Scientific at the next scheduled hearing, which would be September 13th, we would be given a half-hour, and hopefully it would take less time than that, because we're not going to be repetitive, and then I'd be able to appear to do that.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Do you know how deep in my debt

1 you would go if I give you that? I mean, you would -- you 2 would -- from there on out, everything I did you'd just have to 3 be so agreeable. 4 MR. CLARK: Your Honor. 5 CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N: Yes? 6 MR. CLARK: From the plaintiffs' perspective, and 7 Boston Scientific, I'm not going to be able to be here on that 8 date as well. I have a situation I'm aware of, plans with my daughters for a year now, so we completely agree from the 10 plaintiffs side as well. 11 MR. ADAMS: Well, I think that wipes out your debt, Your Honor. 12 13 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: You know, ever since we went to 14 CM/ECF and the law clerks have my signature, I've been really 15 worried about it showing up on promissory notes. Then I had 16 another thought, "I don't have any money anyway, so it doesn't 17 really matter. (Laughter.) 18 No, we can do that, although it may well be that I don't 19 need to hear anything specifically from you. You may, after 20 you've read and heard what everybody else does, not find 21 anything, and if you do, we'll keep it short, but we'll be 22 fl exi bl e. 23 MR. ADAMS: Very good. 24 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: You could submit your

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products through Mr. Bonasso.

MR. ADAMS: We'd like to do that, and then if I could just have time, you know, 20 minutes, 25 minutes, on the 13th, and believe me, I'm not going to be repetitive, but if there are significant points that we need to make, I'd like to make them.

THE COURT: You've been so humble and appropriate that we'll do that. I'm just -- I'm very leery of being flexible in the beginning of these cases, so understand that my flexibility is not a sign of weakness.

MR. ADAMS: Understood.

my business to understand, when I got all of these MDLs that they were going to be different, and they are in different stages of development, and there are different issues that will arise, and by putting the emphasis on the common discovery and the common issues and so forth, I don't want you to think that I don't appreciate those very substantial differences. Some of it is what I was talking about with regard to the products other than the mesh. I understand there's a difference between the SUI products and the POP products, but I'll continue to learn, and you will continue to have the opportunity to educate me.

If you as a group continue to operate as you have thus far in this case, this is going to be almost like it was when people considered law a profession. This has been very

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pleasant and very professional and I admire the lawyers here for the way they are and have conducted themselves thus far in this litigation. So if we can just continue down that path I will work very hard to be sure that everybody is treated with the kind of respect and every client gets the kind of fair treatment that they certainly are entitled to. Just because you're in an MDL, and just because these cases are all amalgamated, I recognize that there is an individual defendant in every case and an individual plaintiff in every case, and I'm not going to forget that at any point. I cannot in any reasonable way get everybody caught up completely and on the same page at the same time. There will be some of that. That's going to happen just because of the similarities. You're going to get closer together. The defendants and products and the litigation is going to come closer together as time wears on, but some of the cases are so far behind in development, because they haven't been developed at all in any other court, that they're never going to be up -- certainly not with Bard and maybe not one with the other. I haven't lost the sense that that is the case.

As usual, I am going to take the coward's way out on the discovery issues where this is likely to be more of a problem and it will be up to Judge Stanley to reconcile your differences on that.

Now, I've got these two AMS cases with the protective

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order issue. I am loath to -- I am loath to get into a fight with a judge that I've been talking to on the phone who seems very nice and who's doing as good as she can. On the other hand, I'm not going to agree with her just to be agreeing with her, so I'm going to have to decide this issue in this federal court under the standards that I have that are applicable. (Judge Goodwin and Judge Stanley confer off the record.) **MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** On Ambroff and Boatman-Morse, we have no information about those. We don't know --MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor. **MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** -- what state court they were or which judge. MS. BINIS: In Boatman-Morse it was Arizona, and it was Tucson, and the name of the judge escapes me, but I can come by it easily. In *Ambroff*, it was the Northern District of California, and it was Magistrate Judge Cousins, Nathaneal Cousi ns. Now, we would like an opportunity to brief this and argue it for Your Honors. I didn't intend to make you -present all that for you today. MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: My understanding is that certain witnesses were deposed --*MS. BINIS:* Yes, Your Honor. MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY: -- and you have a protective order that says the plaintiffs can't use the

1 depositions of those witnesses in any other case. 2 MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor. 3 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Now, the plaintiffs are 4 saying, hey, it's the sworn testimony of a witness --5 MS. BINIS: Yes. 6 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: -- I should have access to 7 And you say, no, you can't, because we've got this that. 8 protective order. 9 MS. BINIS: Yes. 10 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Well, we can't enter an 11 order vacating somebody else's protective order. 12 MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor. 13 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: And so it would seem to me 14 that you'd have to go to that judge and say, "will you please 15 give us leave to disclose this?" 16 MS. BINIS: And we have been saying that all the way 17 Plaintiffs have been asking us for these documents in through. 18 every jurisdiction that we're in. We've been arguing it in 19 every jurisdiction that we're in. In Delaware the judge said 20 just what you said, "I can't undo an agreed-upon, voluntarily entered stipulation in -- that was entered in another court." 21 22 **MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY:** Yeah. So you go back to 23 that court and you get it changed; right? 24 MS. BINIS: I agree, Your Honor. 25 MAGI STRATE JUDGE STANLEY: So why don't you do that?

1 MR. GARRARD: One of the cases is in this court. The 2 Ambroff case --3 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Then you've got a really good 4 chance. 5 MR. GARRARD: -- is Nathaniel Cousins. So we will go 6 to this judge and get it changed, and this judge being you, 7 Your Honor. 8 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I would say the chances of 9 success are very high, because sworn statements are, I would 10 think, of necessity, and I just -- I just have to hear from you 11 on it. I don't want to rule on something that I don't know 12 what the parties are fighting about, so get me papers on it and 13 tell me how long you need to do it. 14 MS. BINIS: We could have a motion filed within the 15 next thirty days, Your Honor. 16 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Is this on admissibility 17 or discovery? 18 MR. GARRARD: I would think that the motion is ours 19 to file asking this court to modify the stay in *Ambroff* to give 20 us the information, and we can file a motion seeking this 21 court's involvement in that within fourteen days, Judge. 22 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Is 14 days to reply all right? 23 MS. BINIS: Yes, Your Honor, and then we could 24 respond. That's fine. 25 MR. GARRARD: Or I'm prepared to argue it now, if the

Court would like.

THE COURT: I don't want to do that because, as you could tell, I had Judge Higbee messed up in this other issue, so you better give me a little bit of time if I can't get those two straight.

MR. GARRARD: We'll have it to you in 14 days, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. BINIS: And, Your Honor, just to be clear, this does not deal with Boatman-Morse, which is the Arizona case.

This only deals with Ambroff.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: But Judge Stanley's suggestion is you need to go to the courts and ask them. Otherwise, you put us in a terrible position; and you're going to get yourself in a terrible position, because we might order the production of something and you've got another order that says you can't turn it over and you're going to either be in contempt of one court or the other.

ws. BINIS: Well, your Honor, if I could just give you a little bit of a flavor for this, these were protective orders that were entered before there was a mass tort. These were cases that were filed very early when there weren't that many cases. They were voluntarily entered, agreed to by the parties, and entered by the court. The depositions were then taken. This was before the company had hired counsel, before

there was a mass tort. Admittedly, and I'm embarrassed to have to say this to as many judges as I have to say it, but it's true, not all the documents that were requested in those cases had been produced at the time of deposition. In fact, a very limited document production had occurred. When I came on the scene and I realized that, I went to the plaintiffs and I said, "Do you understand we have not given you all the documents we need to give to you?"

And they said, "Actually, yeah, we were wondering about that. We were wondering where all those documents were."

And I said, "Well, now we're going to do that. We're going to give you all the documents."

And they said, "Now we have to redepose all your witnesses," which, frankly, I didn't think was all that unreasonable, given all the circumstances, so we were working towards that. We were working towards giving them the documents; we were working towards the redeposition of the plaintiffs. We then settled the case, and as a term of the settlement -- and I settled the case with Ms. Eskin and Ms. Fitzpatrick, who are the leads on our litigation. I said, "You have to make it -- we have to have as a term of the settlement that you will abide by the terms of those protective orders, because we now have these depositions out there and we now have a mass tort, and we have these depositions that were taken on a limited number of documents and where witnesses said

things like, 'I don't know the answers,' that now they have all the documents, they are not going to say that, so you have to agree as a term of this settlement agreement, and we will pay you for that, that you will abide by the terms of the protective order."

And they agreed, and I got it in writing, and I got it from both of them. So immediately -- we settled that case in December. Immediately in January we get a request for those depositions, and I'm sitting there going: We just settled this; we just settled the case.

Of course, that's what a protective order means. When you enter into a protective order and you have that as a specific term of the protective order, this happens all the time -- excuse me, I'm getting sick -- but it happens all the time that you take these depositions and they're not usable in cases down the road. And that's all that this entails is an agreed-upon order and a bargained-for order.

MR. GARRARD: May I briefly respond, Your Honor?

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Sure.

MR. GARRARD: The protective order that AMS wants to rely upon at paragraph 14 says:

"Notwithstanding the provisions hereof, each party is free to disclose information furnished by that party, including confidential information, and such shall not be deemed a waiver of

1 protections hereof, including confidentiality." 2 The protective order itself allows the dissemination of 3 the information. 4 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I'm going to make you-all brief 5 thi s. I don't want to decide it today. I don't understand 6 enough about it. I'm not going to start down this road on an 7 issue that -- one of the few issues where you-all have fallen 8 into disagreement without being able to be fully informed as I 9 decide it. So on that issue as well do you think you should be 10 the moving party? 11 MR. GARRARD: I think we should, because we're asking 12 this court, which has the Ambroff case transferred to it --13 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: How about the other cases? 14 MR. GARRARD: The other case is a state court case. 15 Candidly, I don't think Your Honor can necessarily change that 16 order. We could go to that court, but --17 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I can assure you I can't. 18 MR. GARRARD: But this court can deal with the issue 19 that we have, the documents and the depositions that we are 20 seeking, most of which were 30(b)(6) depositions, so we will 21 brief it to the --22 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Whatever it is you want me to 23 do, you put it in a brief in 14 days. 24 And you answer it in 14 more, and I'll do the best I can. 25 MS. BINIS: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. GARRARD: All right.

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issue about the contact with the doctors. I'm going to ask the parties in Ethicon to provide me with a copy of Judge Higbee's order, as well as the briefs filed with the appellate division.

MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Do you know when or how long the appellate division typically takes to render an opinion?

MS. JONES: No, Your Honor. I mean, we have -- we would have thought we would have had an order before now, and I am told that sometimes it is as prompt as thirty days and sometimes it's as long as a couple of years, so we're just -we are in limbo. And, frankly, I've talked with the plaintiffs' counsel, and the issue is a little bit different from what we've presented by Mr. Garrard in his letter in the sense that what happened was we had retained and begun working with experts, and then they subsequently showed up as treating physicians, and we promptly disclosed it, which then brought on the issue that's currently before the court. And the only reason that we have it up here - we'll certainly be glad to furnish you with the briefs and orders and all - is that at some point it may end up being moot. If we get the right decision out of the appellate court, it may end up being moot. But under any circumstances we have to -- we will eventually have to know to what extent we are bound by that order in this

inappropriately. So we will be happy to send that to you and I'm happy to advise the court of any developments as they occur. But if we don't get a decision within a reasonable period of time, we're going to have to ask for guidance from this court. And that's really all we wanted to do was to put that on the radar screen to say if we don't get a decision out of the appellate court we're going to need some guidance.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I was going to have you brief it in 30 days. You don't see that much urgency?

MS. JONES: I would hope we would have one, but I can't represent that to the court. We have been waiting now since March.

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I'm going to kick the can down the road to the next status conference and then we'll talk about it.

MS. JONES: That's fine.

MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Can you tell me whether the briefs tended to argue some peculiarlies within New Jersey law, or was it more broadly focused than that?

MS. JONES: It ended up being more broadly focused.

It was certainly initially, and Judge Higbee certainly relied upon some peculiar New Jersey Iaw. There were amicus briefs filed as well, so it ended up in a broader -- a broader issue, but I'll be happy to -- as I was saying, Your Honor, would you

1 like for us to go ahead and submit to you her order and the 2 briefing that was submitted to the appellate court? 3 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: Including the amicus 4 bri efs. 5 MS. JONES: We'll be happy to do that. 6 MR. AYLSTOCK: And I believe, Your Honor, in 7 Mr. Garrard's letter to the court that was -- Judge Higbee's order, anyway, was one of the attachments, so you have that, 8 and we'll certainly work with Ms. Jones to make sure you have a 10 complete record. I will say, from what I know about it, the 11 argument was in late March, and it was an interlocutory appeal, 12 so I agree with Ms. Jones, I think it could be any day and it 13 might well be mooted by the next status conference. We'll see. 14 CHI EF JUDGE GOODWI N: Moving to the Ethicon and 15 Johnson & Johnson cases, I think we've talked about a bunch of 16 We had about 316 cases at my last count. There have been 17 a lot of documents produced. Again, am I right that you-all 18 are working together on this? 19 MR. AYLSTOCK: You are correct, Your Honor. 20 Ms. Jones and I spoke at length yesterday, and again this 21 morning, and we have carefully considered the Court's comments 22 at the last hearing about apple munching and not having second 23

bites at the apple. And I've also reviewed Judge Higbee's

comments about your conversation with her, and we agree with

both Your Honors that speed and lack of duplication should be

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our goal, and that's what we're working toward. There are and there will be some differences that will need to be addressed For example, in the New Jersey litigation all the here. depositions have been focused on the Prolift product. reports for a trial in November are going in next Friday, so the case on the Prolift is very far advanced on that. The depositions were taken with the thought in mind that the witnesses are within the subpoena power of Judge Higbee's court. That is not necessarily the case here, so depending on whether maybe we could work out an agreement to bring some witnesses live in an assay deposition or something like that, we can hopefully shortcut as much of the need to redepose some of these witnesses on the Prolift as possible. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I assured Judge Higbee on a related matter that I have a travel budget. She does not. MR. AYLSTOCK: She mentioned that. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: If necessary, I can travel up there. I don't foresee it until we get to *Daubert*, but I can. But does this mean anything that would prevent me from having to go to the south of France? (Laughter.) MS. JONES: Your Honor, we might have -- we might have a deal we can work out.

MR. GARRARD: Actually, Judge, we're going to have some depositions in France this summer and we thought that either you or Judge Stanley might be good to go and moderate.

1 MR. THOMPSON: And they may be very contentious, so 2 we'll need judicial supervision. 3 MR. GARRARD: We may need both of you. (Laughter.) 4 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Judge Stanley spends most of 5 her time over there, so she'd be good. 6 MAGISTRATE JUDGE STANLEY: I wish. Ms. Jones? 7 *MS. JONES:* I apologize. I thought you were going, 8 really, to the French depositions, and we are working with 9 plaintiffs' counsel, but because we do have ongoing discovery 10 and depositions, including some that are going to be in France 11 the end of next month, we are trying to work out some provision 12 so that they could be taken one time in both New Jersey and in 13 this proceeding, and I'm hopeful that we're going to be able to 14 work it out. I'm confident that Mr. Aylstock and I can work it out, but we've got another court, another counsel, involved 15 16 here and so we're going to try and work it out. If we run into 17 a problem we may actually come jointly to you and say we need 18 a -- we need some guidance and some resolution right now in 19 terms of helping us agree upon a procedure, but I think we all 20 hope to get to the same place, but because this is the first 21 time we're having to work with the two different jurisdictions, 22 we may need Your Honors' help. And the other thing that we

CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: I encourage you to continue on

would like to be able to do is to be able to begin to start

cross-noticing some of those depositions promptly.

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1 the path you are on and I will help you at any way along that 2 path that you find expedient. 3 MS. JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. I mean, I'm 4 confident that we're going to be able to work it out. It's 5 just we may need some additional assistance. 6 THE COURT: And if it's a really difficult problem, 7 Judge Stanley will step in. 8 MS. JONES: 0kay. Thank you, Your Honor. 9 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: What else do we have to take up 10 this afternoon? 11 MR. GARRARD: Your Honor, from the plaintiffs' side, 12 I don't think we have anything else to take up at the moment. CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Got anything else? 13 14 MR. ADAMS: No, Your Honor. 15 CHIEF JUDGE GOODWIN: Who's got an afternoon 16 airplane? Well, the rest of you spend the time you've got in 17 Charleston in an enjoyable way and continue your productive 18 meetings. I'm glad to see all of you. Court stands adjourned. 19 (Proceeding concluded at 2:25 p.m., May 24, 2012.) 20 **CERTIFICATION:** 21 I, Teresa L. Harvey, Registered Diplomate Reporter, hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the 22 record of proceedings in the matters of In re American Medical Systems, Inc., MDL No. 2325; In re Boston Scientific Corp., 23 MDL No. 2326; and in re Ethicon, Inc., MDL No. 2327, as reported on May 24, 2012. 24 25 s/Teresa L. Harvey, RDR, CRR June 19, 2012